

Space and Time

- 1) The question of categories of Space and Time, question of relations between them were always in the centre of attention of philosophers, historians, sociologists, philologists and representatives of many other fields of science. It is difficult to specify exact limits between these two categories: these concepts in their affinity allow various ways of analysis and various interpretations of their mutual relations.
- 2) Categories of Space and Time can be in different languages analyzed either in strict or in wide sense, can be analyzed inside or outside of the system of language, can be described with help of lexical means, with help of various levels of grammar system of language (morphologic categories, grammar forms), they can be expressed by various relations inside text or situation context. We can at the same time observe connection with concrete history, culture, politics and development of society of individual nations. Language (languages) reflects development of our attitude to these categories, connected with changes in consciousness of mankind, with development of knowledge of reality, with changes in economy, technical development etc. Cultural and language aspects of these categories influence each other.
- 3) Categories of Space and Time are connected with localization- of Substance and Process. The main mean of localization of process in Space and Time is verb with its grammar categories (especially category of Time and Aspect). In our contribution we will compare possibilities in Russian and Czech language systems to express localization of Process. We will analyze several Russian and Czech verbs of movement from the point of view of lexical, lexical –semantic and grammar aspects of realization this kind of process. There are some differences in Czech and Russian language in presentation of Time in the Space on various levels of language, what shows variability and non-universality of these categories in both of languages.